

Building the Foundation

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ABC Company

Retirewise Workshop - Sessions 1, 2, 3 & 4

6/3/2019 11:30 AM - 01:00 PM Main Conference Room 6/10/2019 11:30 AM - 01:00 PM Main Conference Room 6/17/2019 11:30 AM - 01:00 PM Main Conference Room 6/24/2019 11:30 AM - 01:00 PM Main Conference Room

									Appt. Req
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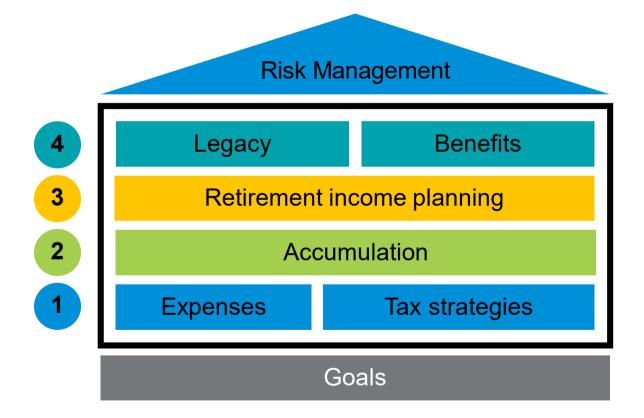
What's important about retirement planning...





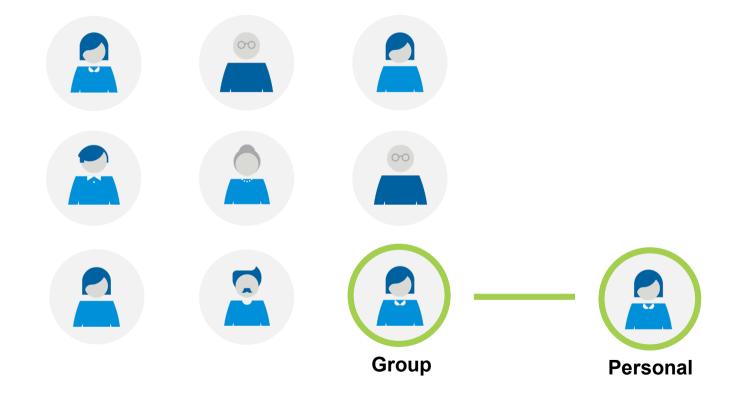


Building your "retirement house"





What to expect from today's workshop...





Your Retirewise workbook







How you envision your day-to-day life after you retire



Financial basics you should know



How to maintain a **long-term focus** through the distractions of economic news and events



Information overload



retirement



America's top financial concerns



Not having enough money in retirement



Not being able to pay for medical costs in event of a serious illness/accident



Not being able to maintain the standard of living you enjoy



Old age is getting younger



70 is the new **53**

Source: Frontiers in Psychology, February 2018



Retirewise[®]

Increasing time in retirement

	1950	Now
Life Expectancy at Retirement	80.9	85.5
Median Retirement Age	67	62
Average Years in Retirement	13.9	23.5
Percentage of Lifetime	17%	27%
Spent in Retirement	1//0	Z I /0

Sources: ChartSource, DST Systems, Inc. Current median retirement age, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, May 2018. Data for 1950, U.S. Treasury.

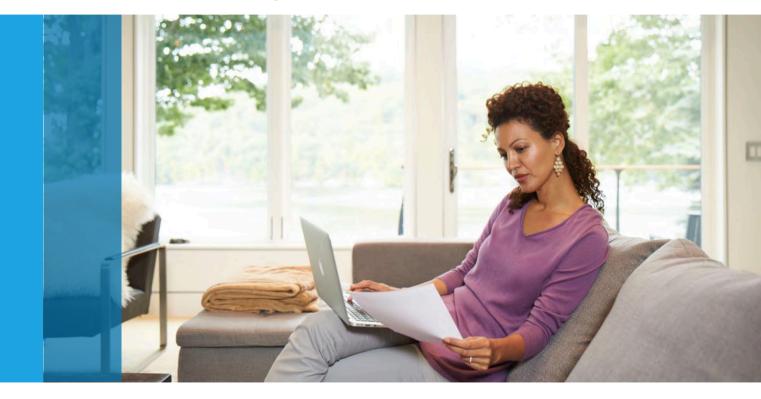


Good news / bad news.

You can look forward to the longest and healthiest retirement in history . . . but also the most costly



Envision. Start to think about how your retirement will look. How to live it on your own terms.



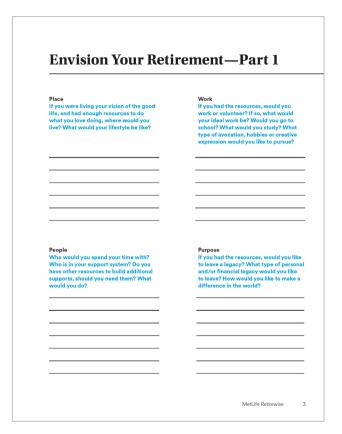
What's your retirement dream?



Envision your retirement

How do you see your retirement?

What are some of the **thoughts** or concerns you have?





Money won't guarantee happiness, but it can help you do the things YOU want to do.



Getting Started

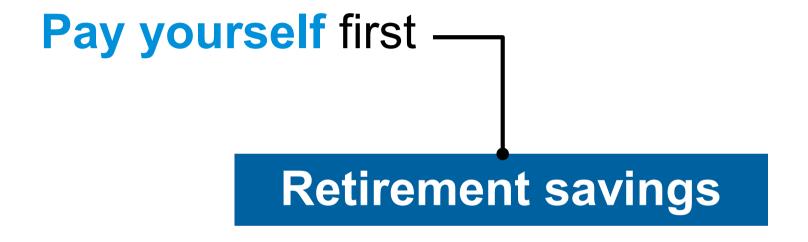


Rules of thumb to using your money more wisely

- 1. Pay yourself first
- 2. Create and stick to a **budget**
- 3. Take advantage of **compounding**
- 4. It's not what you earn . . . it's what you keep



Rule of thumb 1

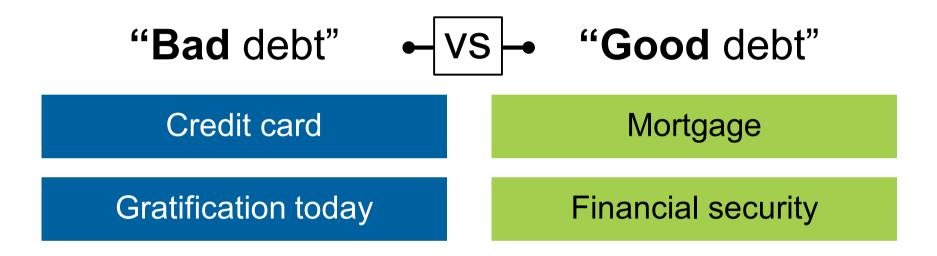


KEY TAKEAWAY:

You are your main financial priority



Bad debt vs. good debt



KEY TAKEAWAY:

Try to control debt and build equity



Rule of thumb 2

Create and stick to a **budget**

- Categorize "needs" vs. "wants"
- Today's income
- Today's expenses

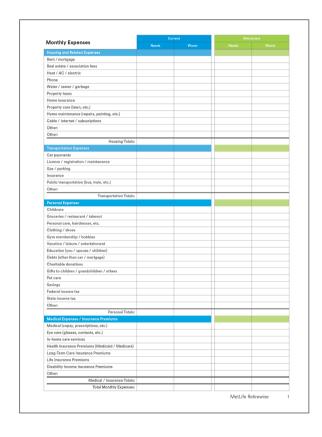
Take control of your money

KEY TAKEAWAY:

You have control of where money will go and what it can do for you in retirement



Budgeting exercise





Consider the following . . .

- Do you have money set aside in an emergency fund?
- Should you continue to pay off your mortgage quickly or invest that money for retirement?
- What's the best way to invest today for multiple goals and different time frames?
- How much life insurance should you have?
- Are you concerned about healthcare and long term care costs?



Rule of thumb 3

Take advantage of compounding

Interest is paid on principal

and added on to the original principal 2

New interest is calculated on original principal and added interest

and added on

3

New interest is calculated on original principal and *all* added interest

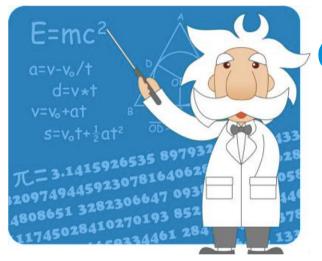
and added on

KEY TAKEAWAY:

Compounded = GROWING principal



There's an urban legend that Albert Einstein once said . . .



Compound interest is the most powerful force in the universe."

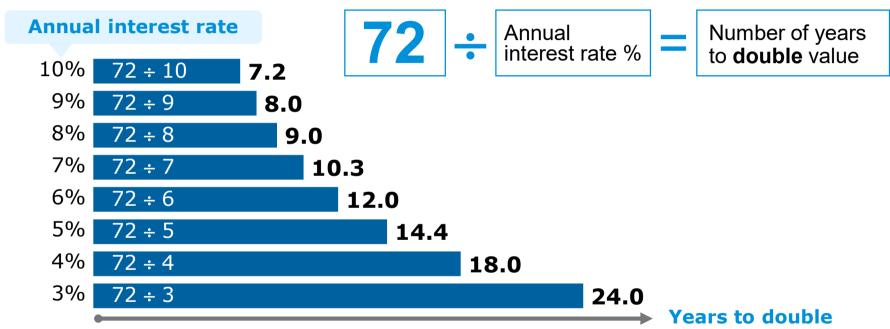
The early bird gets the worm

Contribution	Early Bird	Procrastinator	
First 10 Years	\$5,000	\$0	
Next 20 Years	\$0	\$5,000	
Total Contribution	\$50,000	\$100,000	
Value at end of 30 Years	\$224,044	**************************************	
		Procrastina carries a hi	

Hypothetical example for illustrative purposes only. Assumes a 6% compounded rate of return.



Rule of 72: How long it will take to double your money?



The Rule of 72 is based on a hypothetical illustration and it is not guaranteed. It does not represent performance of any specific product and therefore there is no assurance that investments would double within a specific timeframe.



Rule of thumb 4

It's not what you earn

it's what you keep

KEY TAKEAWAY:

Inflation and taxes take quite a bite out of yield



Inflation and Taxes

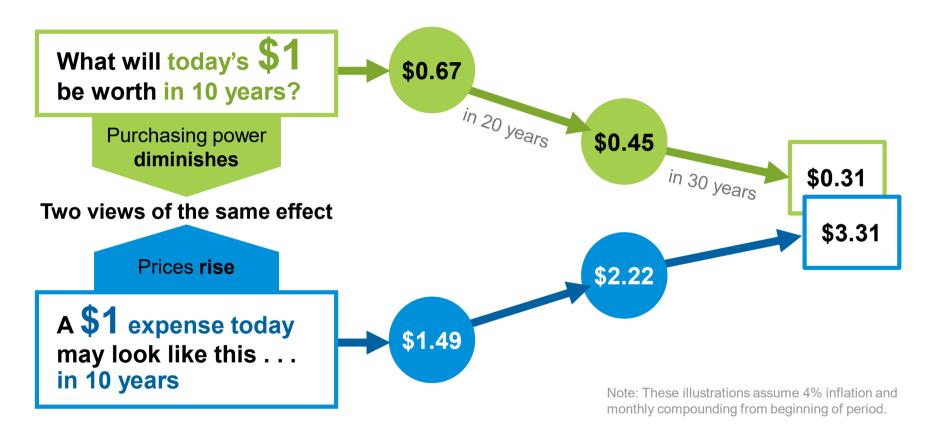


Don't underestimate inflation \$64,386 \$3.99 \$2.29 \$1.99 \$12,800 \$1.25 \$1.16 62¢ \$8,979 55¢ 15¢ 25¢ 1980 1990 2019 1980 1990 2019 1980 1990 2019 1980 1990 2019 **Postage Stamp** Corn Flakes Gasoline College (first class) (U of Michigan annual (18 oz)(one gallon) out-of-state tuition/costs)

Source:: USPS, Foodtimeline.org, Mills Fleet Farm, Gasbuddy.com, University of Michigan 2019



Inflation in action





Think about taxes today

2019

	Married Filing						
Tax	Single	Jointly or Qualifying	Head of Household				
Rate	Filers	Widow/Widower	Filers				
10%	\$0 to \$9,700	\$0 to \$19,400	\$0 to \$13,850				
12%	\$9,701 to \$39,475	\$19,401 to \$78,950	\$13,851 to \$52,850				
22%	\$39,476 to \$84,200	\$78,951 to \$168,400	\$52,851 to \$84,200				
24%	\$84,201 to \$160,725	\$168,401 to \$321,450	\$84,201 to \$160,700				
32%	\$160,726 to \$204,100	\$321,451 to \$408,200	\$160,701 to \$204,100				
35%	\$204,101 to \$510,300	\$408,201 to \$612,350	\$204,101 to \$510,300				
37%	\$510,301 or more	\$612,351 or more	\$510,301 or more				

Source: IRS, 2019



The effect of taxes

Selling a stock held for 12 months or <u>less</u> for a profit Selling a stock held for <u>more</u> than 12 months for a profit Your stock pays a cash dividend or you have it automatically invested back into the security

Short-term capital gain Gain subject to income tax at ordinary rates Long-term capital gain Gain subject to tax at maximum rate of 20%* Most dividends are subject to tax at maximum rate of 20%, although some may still be taxed at ordinary rates

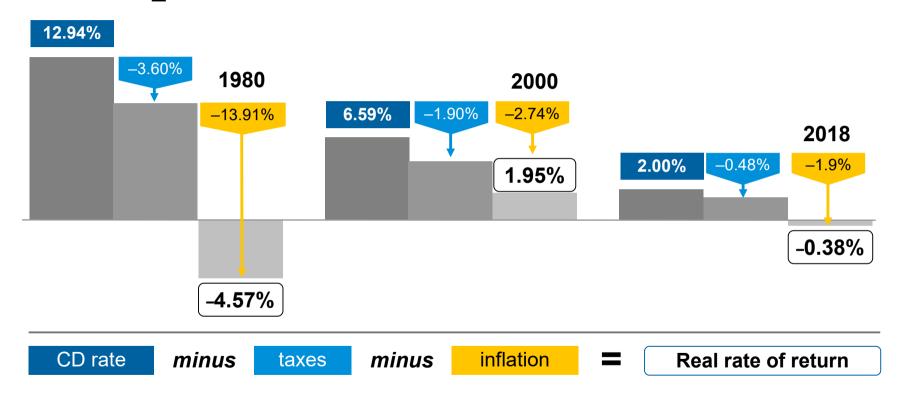
KEY TAKEAWAY:

Taxes can significantly impact your rate of return

*For higher income brackets, an additional 3.8% Medicare surtax may result in a maximum 23.8% rate.



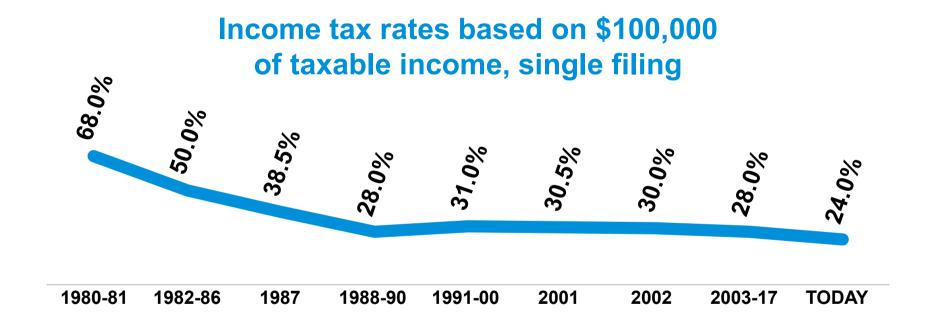
The impact of taxes + inflation



Source: Citibank 6-month CD 2018. Tax rates are the median rate for married filing jointly, Tax Foundation 2018. Inflation – Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2018



What will your tax bracket be in retirement?



Source: Tax Facts 2019



Current highest tax rates

Top **Income Tax** rate

On taxable income over \$612,351 married filing jointly

Top Capital Gains rate

On long term gains

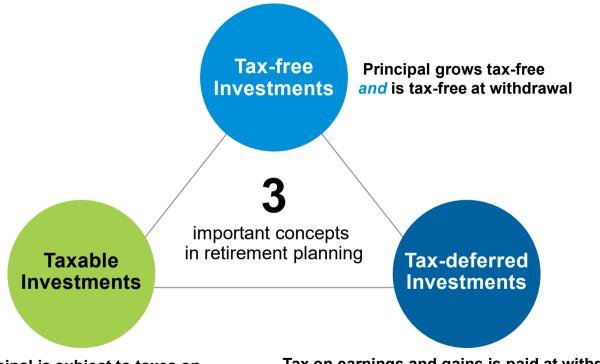
Ordinary income tax rate on short term gains

Medicare surtax* 3.8%

^{*}Adjusted gross income (AGI) exceeds: \$200,000 if you're unmarried, \$250,000 if you're a married joint-filer, or \$125,000 if you use married filing separate status



Think about taxes tomorrow



Principal is subject to taxes on dividends and capital gains as it grows

Tax on earnings and gains is paid at withdrawal, leaving the investment to grow unhindered

Tax diversification

Tax-free	Tax-deferred
Roth 401(k)*, Roth 403(b)*	401(k), 403(b), 457 plans
Roth IRA*	401 plans
Municipal Bond** Interest	Traditional IRA Simple/SEP IRA
Cash Value Life Insurance***	Annuities Savings Bonds
	Roth 401(k)*, Roth 403(b)* Roth IRA* Municipal Bond** Interest

^{*} If a distribution is nonqualified, the earnings will be subject to income tax. Nonqualified distributions may be subject to a 10% penalty.

^{***} Distributions from a life insurance policy through withdrawals of certain policy values (up to cost basis) and loans are generally not taxed as income provided certain premium limits are followed which prevent a policy from becoming a modified endowment contract (MEC). Distributions taken during the first fifteen years may be subject to tax. Loans and withdrawals will generally reduce the cash value available and death benefit payable. If policy loans are taken, there may be income tax consequences if the policy lapses, is surrendered or exchanged. If the policy has not performed as expected and to avoid a policy lapse, distributions may need to be reduced, stopped and/or premium payments may need to be resumed.

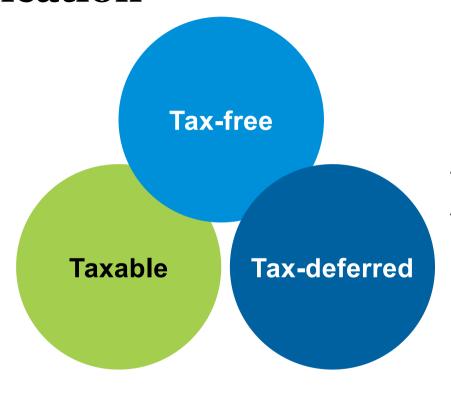


^{**} Municipal bond interest is generally income-tax free but exceptions apply.

Tax diversification

Question:

So, what's **best** for retirement?



Answer:

A bit of each



Retirement Savings Plans



Your employer's retirement savings plan

It's tax-deferred

Annual contribution limits change each year

Catch-up contributions begin at age 50

A 10% tax penalty for withdrawals before age 59½

Your underlying investments should line up with your risk tolerance, objectives and time horizon

KEY TAKEAWAY:

When it's time to retire, your employer's plan may be the largest check you'll ever see



Increase your qualified plan contributions by 1%

A small 1% change > > >



KEY TAKEAWAY:

You can start doing this today

Actions you can take today...

Simpler is better, consolidate where you can

Consider

converting

to a Roth IRA*

*This opportunity may not be right for everyone. The cost of having to pay taxes now may outweigh the benefit of tax-free qualified distributions in the future. For a distribution from a Roth IRA to be a tax-free qualified distribution, the distribution must occur after the 5-tax-year holding period for Roth IRAs and satisfy one of the other requirements (e.g., occur on or after the Roth IRA owner attains age 59 ½).



Today's key learning: Inflation and taxes can impact your investments.



Retirement is NOT a one-size-fits-all proposition.





MetLife administers the Retirewise program, but has arranged for Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company (MassMutual) to have specially-trained financial professionals offer financial education and, upon request, provide personal guidance to employees and former employees of companies providing Retirewise through MetLife.

Any discussion of taxes is for general informational purposes only, does not purport to be complete or cover every situation, and should not be construed as legal, tax or accounting advice. Clients should confer with their qualified legal, tax and accounting advisors as appropriate.

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Creating and Managing Wealth

